

Shearing & Geometric Satake (II)

Zhiyou Wu

$G/\mathbb{F}_p[[t]]$ split reductive grp
 $\uparrow (\mathbb{C}[[t]] \text{ or } W(\mathbb{F}_p))$

Define L^+G loop group scheme rep'd by the functor

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Alg}_{\mathbb{F}_p} & \longrightarrow & \text{Groupoid} \\ R & \longleftarrow & G(R[[t]]) \end{array}$$

LG ind-scheme : $LG(R) = G(R((t)))$
 $\mathbb{R}[[t]][\frac{1}{t}]$

$Gr_G := LG/L^+G$ ind-scheme / \mathbb{F}_p .

$L^+G \curvearrowright = \bigcup_{\lambda \in X_*(T)} \overline{Gr_\lambda}$ Schubert varieties
 $\cong \overline{L^+G \cdot \lambda(t) \cdot L^+G / L^+G}$.

finite type proj var / \mathbb{F}_p .

Thm (Geometric Satake, Mirkovic-Uilonen, 07)

$$(\text{Perv}(L^+G \backslash Gr_G, \overline{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}), *) \cong (\text{Rep}(\hat{G}), \otimes)$$

$*$ = convolution product Langlands dual grp / $\overline{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}$.
 equiv of sym monoidal categories.

Convolution product:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} L^+G \backslash LG \times_{L^+G} LG / L^+G & \xrightarrow{m} & L^+G \backslash LG / L^+G \\ \downarrow p & \swarrow \downarrow q & \downarrow \\ L^+G \backslash LG / L^+G & \xrightarrow{m_x} & x \cdot y \\ & \searrow & \downarrow \\ & & L^+G \backslash LG / L^+G \end{array}$$

(m proper)
 $m_x = m!$

$$F, g \in \text{Per}(L^*G \setminus G^*G)$$

$$\hookrightarrow F * g = m * (p^* F \otimes q^* g) [\dots]$$

$$\text{where } LG *_{L^*G} LG = LG * LG / \sim$$

$$\text{with } (x, gy) \sim (gx, y) \text{ for } g \in L^*G.$$

§ Symmetric monoidal categories

Set

monoidal set:

$$\text{set } S + m: S * S \rightarrow S$$

$$+ p: \{*\} \rightarrow S$$

satisfying associativity

+ identity

(properties of m and p)

Cat

monoidal cat

$$\text{cat } \mathcal{C} + \text{functors } m: \mathcal{C} * \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

$$+ 1 \xrightarrow{e} \mathcal{C}, \quad 1 = \text{triv cat}$$

satisfying associativity

+ identity

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{C} * \mathcal{C} * \mathcal{C} & \xrightarrow{m * id} & \mathcal{C} * \mathcal{C} \\ id * m \downarrow & \swarrow \alpha & \downarrow m \\ \mathcal{C} * \mathcal{C} & \xrightarrow{m} & \mathcal{C} \end{array}$$

i.e. natural isom $\alpha: m \circ (m * id) \cong m \circ (id * m)$

identity: natural isom $m \circ (id * p) \cong id \cong m \circ (p * id)$

(extra structure: $\alpha, p_1, p_2 \dots$)

Symmetric monoidal: property of monoidal S

$$\text{i.e. } S * S \xrightarrow{m} S$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & S \\ & \searrow & \nearrow \\ S * S & & \end{array} \quad / (x, y) \sim (y, x)$$

braided (symmetric) monoidal cat:

$$\text{monoidal cat } (\mathcal{C}, m, p, \alpha, p_1, p_2)$$

+ natural isom $\gamma: m \cong m \circ sw$

i.e. $m(x, y) \cong_{\gamma_{x,y}} m(y, x)$ natural in X & Y .

(Symmetric: γ has the extra property $\gamma_{x,y} \circ \gamma_{y,x} = id.$)
called \uparrow commutative constraints.

§ Commutativity constraints of geometric Satake

• On the dual grp side $Rep(\hat{G}): V \otimes W \xrightarrow{\sim} W \otimes V$ canonical.

• On the geometric side $Per(L^*G/G_{\text{reg}})$:

constraints given by fusion product (highly nontrivial)

Beilinson-Drinfeld affine Grassmanian

$$\hookrightarrow Gr_{X^2} \longrightarrow X^2, \quad X = \mathbb{A}^1 = \text{Spec } \overline{\mathbb{F}}_p[t]$$

(or $Gr_{X^n} \longrightarrow X^n$.)

parametrizing $\{(x, y) \in X^2, \mathcal{G} \text{ } G\text{-torsor over } X, \mathcal{G}|_{x \times y} \cong \mathcal{G}|_{x \times y}\}$
isom of G -torsors.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Gr_{X^2}|_{X^2 \setminus \Delta} & \cong & (Gr_X \times Gr_X)|_{X^2 \setminus \Delta} \\ \downarrow j & & \downarrow s \text{ (special for } X = \mathbb{A}^1) \\ Gr_{X^2} & & Gr_G \times X \\ \uparrow i & & \downarrow p \\ & & Gr_G \\ Gr_{X^2}|_{\Delta} & \cong & Gr_X = Gr_G \times X \xleftarrow{d} Gr_G \times \{*\} \end{array}$$

Definition The fusion product is

$$\mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{G} := d^* i^* j_* (p^* \mathcal{F} \boxtimes q^* \mathcal{G}|_{X^2 \setminus \Delta}) [-]$$

where $j_*: Per(U) \rightarrow Per(X)$, $U \subset X$ open.

The fusion product is the same as convolution product on Per side.

$$F \otimes Y \cong F * Y.$$

fusion product is symmetric,

$$\exists F \otimes Y \cong Y \otimes F$$

(coming from symmetry of \boxtimes).

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Per}_{L^+G}^{MA/X}(Gr_X) & Gr_G \times X & Gr_X \longleftarrow Gr_G \\ \cong \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \text{Per}(Gr_G) & Gr_G & X \longleftarrow * \end{array}$$

Problem The natural functor $\text{Per}(L^+G \setminus Gr_G, \bar{\mathbb{Q}}) \rightarrow \text{Rep}(\hat{G})$ is induced from the cohomology functor $\bigoplus_i H^i(Gr_G, -)$ which is only graded commutative, the commutativity constraints of Per is NOT compatible with the commutativity constraints of $\text{Rep}(\hat{G})$.

Solution (1) Modify the constraints of $\text{Per}(L^+G \setminus Gr_G)$ by hand by a sign.

(2) Change the cat $\text{Rep}(\hat{G})$.

define an action of \mathbb{G}_m on $\bar{\mathbb{Q}}[\hat{G}]$ (ring of fns on \hat{G})

by $Ad \circ (2p)$, $2p = \sum_{\lambda \in \Delta_+} \lambda$,

i.e. $t \cdot f(g) = f(2p(t)^{-1} g \cdot 2p(t))$.

\hookrightarrow shear $\bar{\mathbb{Q}}[\hat{G}]^{\square} := \bigoplus_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \bar{\mathbb{Q}}[\hat{G}]_n [n]$
 $\{t \cdot f = t^n f\}$.

abelian cat Hopf dga with trivial differential.

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \text{Rep}_{2p}(\hat{G})^{\square} \\ \cong \uparrow \\ \text{CoMod}(\bar{\mathbb{Q}}[\hat{G}]^{\square}) \end{array} := \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{graded } \bar{\mathbb{Q}}[\hat{G}]^{\square}\text{-mods. i.e. complexes of f.d. u.s. } V \text{ with} \\ \text{comod str } V_* \rightarrow V_* \otimes \bar{\mathbb{Q}}[\hat{G}]^{\square} \text{ s.t. } V_* = (W^{2p})^{\square} \text{ for } W \in \text{Rep}(\hat{G}) \end{array} \right\} \text{ (abelian cat)}$$

where $(W^{gp})^{\square} = \bigoplus W_n[n]$

$$\{w \in W \mid \rho(t)w = t^n w, \forall t \in \text{Gmf}\}$$

$\text{Rep}_{2p}(\widehat{G})^{\square}$ inherits commutativity constraints.

Formulate the geometric Satake (abelian ver)

$$\text{Per}_{L^+G}(L^+G \backslash G_{\text{gr}}, \overline{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}) \cong \text{Rep}_{2p}(\widehat{G})^{\square}$$

between symmetric monoidal cats

§ Derived geometric Satake

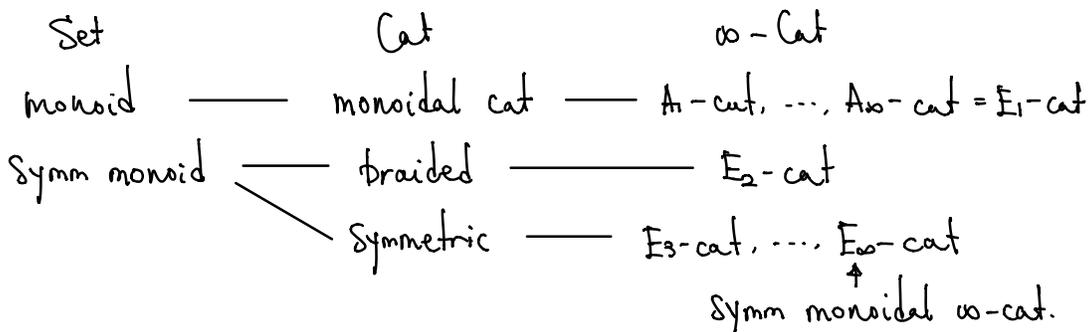
Thm (Bezrukavnikov-Finkelberg, 2007)

$$(\text{D}_{\text{cons}}(L^+G \backslash G_{\text{gr}}, \overline{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}), *) \cong \text{Perf}(\text{Sym}^*(\mathcal{O}_G^*[2]) / \widehat{G})$$

(A_{∞} -cat) symmetric monoidal

as monoidal dg cats (∞ -cat that are module cat w.r.t. E_{∞} -monoidal ∞ -cat $\mathcal{D}(\text{Mod } \overline{\mathbb{Q}_\ell})$.)

Compatible with Frobenius, with Frob action on Perf stably defined using shearing.



Thm (Nocerni, 2023)

$\text{Per}(L^+G \backslash G_{\text{gr}}, \overline{\mathbb{Q}_\ell})$ is an E_3 -cat

(in the topological setting $G/\mathbb{C}[t]$.)

Open question Does derived Satake lift to an equiv of E_3 -cats?

Partial answer

Thm (Campbell-Raskin, 2023)

The derived Satake lifts to an equiv
of functorizable cats (no E_2 -cats)