

Lv. 36 (Rationality of ab-fin family)

Prop 5.3 Suppose $X \rightarrow Y' \rightarrow Y$ has good model / $\mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O}_{K,S} = \mathcal{O}_K[\frac{1}{S}]$.

and $v \notin S$ friendly place of K .

$\Upsilon(K)^* = \{y \in \Upsilon(K) : \text{size}_v(\pi^{-1}(y)) < \frac{1}{d+1}\}$ is finite. $d = \text{rel dim } X/Y'$.

if $E =$ finite set, then

$$\sum_{\mathcal{O}_K} \text{size}_v(E) = \frac{\#\{x \in E \text{ s.t. Frob-orbit of } x \text{ is } \subset \mathcal{O}\}}{\#E}$$

= proportion of pts w/ large ext'n $K(y)/K(y_0)$.

§1 Basic structures in ab-fin family

$y_0 \in \Upsilon(K)^*$, $\Omega_v = \{y \in \Upsilon(K_v) : y \equiv y_0 \pmod{v}\}$.

\leadsto to prove $\Omega_v \cap \Upsilon(K)^*$ finite

$y \in \Upsilon(K) \cap \Omega_v$.

covered by finitely many v -adic discs

$$\pi^{-1}(y) = \text{Spec } E_y$$

$$E_y = \Gamma(\Upsilon^*_{Y'} y, \mathcal{O})$$

finitale K -alg.

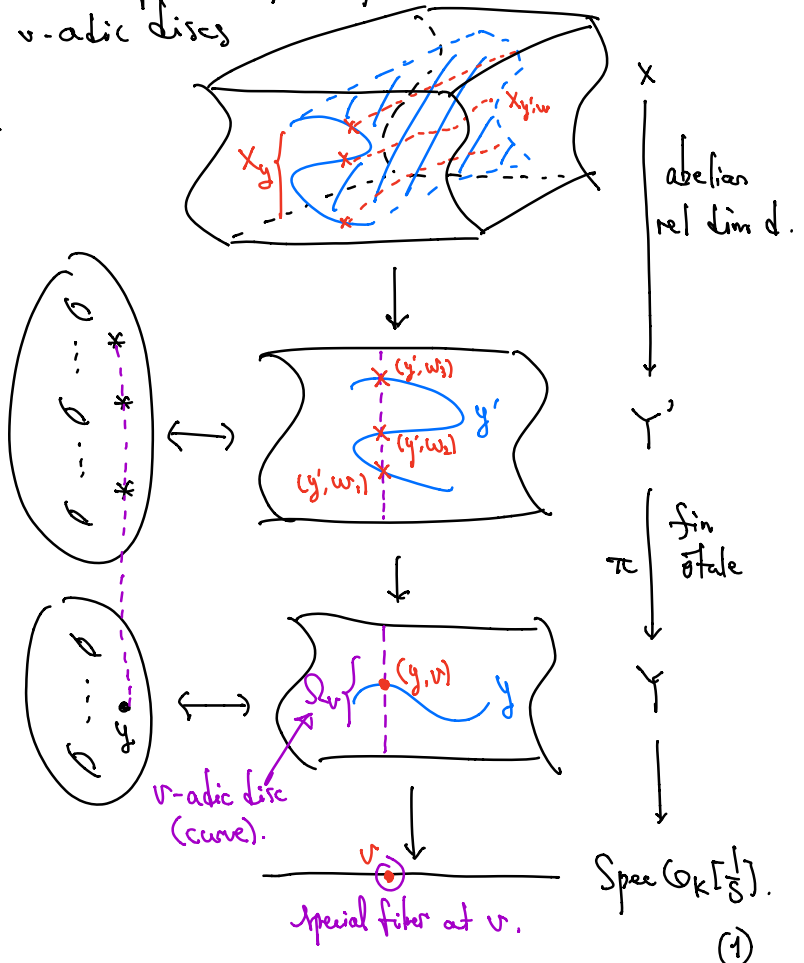
$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \\ & X_y / E_y \text{ sh.} \\ & \cong \\ & \prod_{y'/y} K(y') \end{aligned}$$

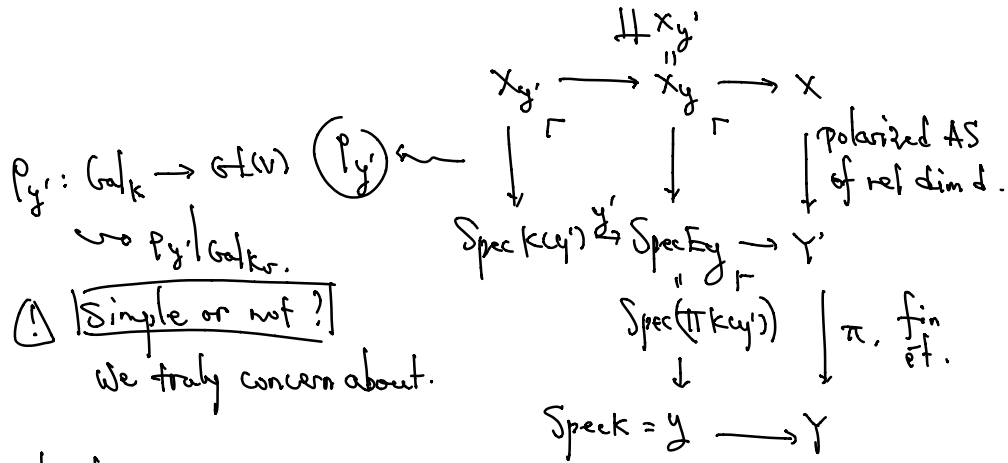
$$\prod_{y'/y} K(y')$$

$y' \in \Upsilon(\bar{K})$ s.t. $\pi(y') = y$

$$X_y / E_y = \prod_{y'/y} X_{y'}$$

• Need to decompose every y' (y does not carry enough info yet.)





(!) Simple or not?
 we truly concern about.

Algebraic structures

(1) $E_{y'}/k$ fin \textit{etale} $\Rightarrow E_{y'}$ unram, $\Omega^1_{E_{y'}/k} = 0$.

$$\Rightarrow H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_{y'}/k) = H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_{y'}/E_{y'}) = \bigoplus_{y'_i|y} H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_{y'_i}/k(y'_i)).$$

\uparrow
 $\mathcal{O}_{E_{y'}} = \prod \mathcal{O}_{k(y'_i)}$

(2) X/Y' polarization $X \rightarrow X'$ \hookrightarrow symplectic $E_{y'}$ -bilin pairing

$$\omega: H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_{y'}/E_{y'}) \times H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_{y'}/E_{y'}) \rightarrow E_{y'}.$$

$$\bigoplus \omega_{y'_i}: H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_{y'_i}/k(y'_i)) \times H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_{y'_i}/k(y'_i)) \rightarrow E_{y'}.$$

(3) Set $E_{y',v} = E_{y'} \otimes_k k_r = \prod_{(y',w)|(y,v)} k(y'_i)_w$. \rightarrow Local ver.

$$\cong H^i_{\text{dR}}((X_{y'})_{k_r}/E_{y',v})$$

(4) Set $V_{y',v} = H^i_{\text{dR}}((X_{y'})_{k_r}/k_r) = H^i_{\text{dR}}((X_{y'})_{k_r}/E_{y',v})$

$$\cong_{E_{y',v}} \bigoplus_{(y',w)|(y,v)} V_{y',w} \quad (\Omega^1_{E_{y'}/k} = 0).$$

$$\forall (y', w) | (y, v).$$

$$V_{y',w} = H^i_{\text{dR}}((X_{y'})_{k(y')_w}/k(y')_w).$$

(5) All in all,

$$V_{y',v} = \bigoplus_{(y',w)|(y,v)} V_{y',w}.$$

$$\cong_{E_{y',v}}$$

$$E_{y',w} = T(y', \mathcal{O}_{y',y'})_w.$$

(2)

§2 On period maps

Step 1 Setup \mathbb{F}_v . ($y \in Y(K) \cap \Omega_v$).

Want: p -adic Hodge theory \rightsquigarrow $\left[\begin{array}{c} \text{cris rep'n } \rho_y |_{G_{K_v}} \\ \updownarrow \\ \text{filtered } \varphi\text{-mod} \end{array} \right] \stackrel{\text{Key}}{=}$
 via Cohom comparisons.

- $V_{y,v}$ free $E_{y,v}$ -mod, $\text{rk} = 2d$. w/ sym form ω ,
 crys Frob ϕ_v .
- Observe $F^1 V_{y,v} =$ Lagrange submod, $\dim d$.
 1st piece in Hodge fil'n. \uparrow i.e. $\omega / F^1 V_{y,v} \cong F^1 V_{y,v} = 0$.

Gauss-Martin $\rightsquigarrow E_{y,v} \cong E_{y_0,v}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} V_{y,v} \\ \cup \\ \omega \end{array} \right), \phi_v \cong \left(\begin{array}{c} V_{y_0,v} \\ \cup \\ \omega \end{array} \right), \phi_v$$

$$\rightsquigarrow F^1 V_{y,v} \longrightarrow \text{Lag submod} \subset E_{y_0,v}$$

\rightsquigarrow refined period mapping

$$\mathcal{G}_v = \text{Res}_{K_v}^{E_{y_0,v}} G_r(V_{y_0,v}, \omega)$$

$$\mathbb{F}_v : \Omega_v \longrightarrow \mathcal{H}_v = \text{Res}_{K_v}^{E_{y_0,v}} \text{LG}_r(V_{y_0,v}, \omega) \text{ flag var.}$$

$$y \longmapsto F^1 V_{y,v} \subset \mathcal{G}_v$$

Explanation $X_{y_0} \rightarrow \text{Spec } E_{y_0} \rightarrow \text{pt}$.

$F^1 = E_{y_0}$ -linear subspace
 & Lagrangian w.r.t. ω .

Remark Can also Setup \mathbb{F}_w .

- GM-connection $\rightsquigarrow \{ (y', \omega) | (y, v) \} \cong \{ (y'_0, \omega_0) | (y_0, v) \}$

$$\text{b/c } \prod_{(y', \omega) | (y, v)} K(y')_{\omega} = E_{y,v} \cong E_{y_0,v} = \prod_{(y'_0, \omega_0) | (y_0, v)} K(y'_0)_{\omega_0}$$

• $H_v = \prod H_{y'_i, \omega_0}$, $H_{y'_i, \omega_0} = \text{Res}_{K_v}^{F(y'_i, \omega_0)} \text{LGr}(V_{y'_i, \omega_0}, \omega)$.

• $(V_{y'_i, \omega}, \omega, \varphi_v) \cong (V_{y'_i, \omega_0}, \omega, \varphi_{\omega_0})$

$\rightsquigarrow \Phi_v: \Omega_v \xrightarrow{\Phi_v} H_v \twoheadrightarrow H_{y'_i, \omega_0}$
 $y \mapsto \text{Fil}' V_{y, v} \mapsto \text{Fil}' V_{y'_i, \omega_0}$. (not necessary).

Step 2 Local-global comparison.

• Target of period mapping: $H := \text{Res}_K^{F_{y_0}} \text{LGr}(V_{y_0}, \omega)$.

• Choose $K \hookrightarrow \mathbb{C} \rightsquigarrow y_{0, \mathbb{C}} \in \mathcal{Y}(\mathbb{C})$. $\cong \prod_{y'_i | y_{0, \mathbb{C}}} \mathbb{C}$

$\rightsquigarrow \Phi_{\mathbb{C}}: \mathcal{Y}_{\mathbb{C}} \xrightarrow{\sim} H_{\mathbb{C}} \cong \text{Res}_{\mathbb{C}}^{\overline{F_{y_{0, \mathbb{C}}}}} \text{LGr}(V_{y_{0, \mathbb{C}}}, \omega)$.

finite unram. cover. \downarrow
 $\mathcal{Y}_{\mathbb{C}} \rightarrow \prod_{y'_i | y_{0, \mathbb{C}}} \text{LGr}(V_{y'_i}, \omega)$.

Upshot Lemma 3.2: $|\overline{\text{Im} \Phi_v} = \overline{\text{Im} \Phi_{\mathbb{C}}}|$.

i.e. $\exists Z \subseteq H$ closed submod s.t. $Z_v = \overline{\text{Im} \Phi_v}$,
 $Z_{\mathbb{C}} = \overline{\text{Im} \Phi_{\mathbb{C}}}$.

• Full monodromy assumption

$\Rightarrow \overline{\text{Im}(\pi_1(\mathcal{Y}_{\mathbb{C}}, y_{0, \mathbb{C}}) \rightarrow \text{Gr}(V_{y_{0, \mathbb{C}}}) \cong \prod_{y'_i | y_{0, \mathbb{C}}} \text{Sp}(V_{y'_i}, \omega))} \stackrel{\text{zar}}{=} \prod_{y'_i | y_{0, \mathbb{C}}} \text{Sp}(V_{y'_i}, \omega)$

$\left(\begin{array}{l} \Gamma \curvearrowright V_{y'_i} \text{ transitively} \\ \Rightarrow \Gamma \curvearrowright H_{\mathbb{C}} = \text{LGr}(V_{y_{0, \mathbb{C}}}, \omega) \text{ transitively} \\ H_{\text{der}}(X_{y_{0, \mathbb{C}}}) = \prod_{y'_i | y_{0, \mathbb{C}}} V_{y'_i} \end{array} \right)$

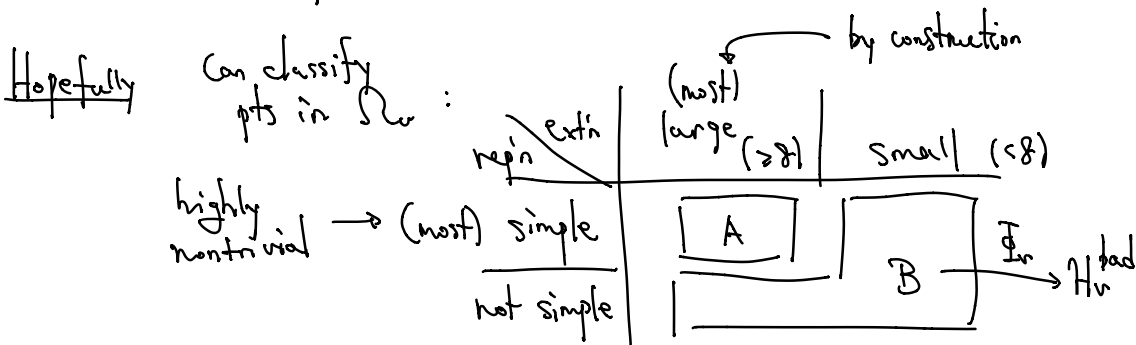
$\Rightarrow \overline{\text{Im} \Phi_{\mathbb{C}}} = H_{\mathbb{C}} \Rightarrow Z = H$
 \Downarrow
 $Z_v = H_v$

④ Thus $\Phi_v: \Omega_v \rightarrow H_v$ has dense image $\text{Im} \Phi_v \in H_v$.

§3 Main Strategy

$\Phi_v: \Omega_v \rightarrow H_v$. Fix $y \in Y(K)^* \cap \Omega_v$.

Goal $\dim_{k_v}(\underbrace{\text{Cent}(\phi_v)}_{\text{Centralizer of cys Frob } \phi_v} \cdot \Phi_v(y)) < \dim_{k_v}(\text{Im } \Phi_v)$. (*)



- Faltings's lem \Rightarrow A has $< \infty$ isom classes
- Lem 6.2 \Rightarrow each isom class has $< \infty$ pts. } p-adic Hodge theory
- Lem 6.1 $\Rightarrow \#B < \infty$. (didn't use p-adic Hodge theory).

Big issue | Cannot conclude by Faltings's lemma everywhere
 $\because P_y$ not necessarily ss.
 $(\Rightarrow y \mapsto [P_y/G_{K_v}]$ infinite image)
 even if it has finite fibers

note (*) $\Rightarrow \{y \in \Omega_v, \text{ attached w/ } P_y/G_{K_v}\} \subseteq \text{proper Zar closed subscr of } \Omega_v$.

$\Phi_v^{-1}(\underbrace{\text{Cent}(\phi_v)}_{\text{or } H_v} \cdot \Phi_v(y))$

Ω_v curve $\Rightarrow \dim_{k_v}\{y \in \Omega_v \text{ w/ } P_y/G_{K_v}\} = 0$.

$\Rightarrow \Phi_v^{-1}(\text{Cent}(\phi_v) \cdot \Phi_v(y))$ finite.

$\Rightarrow y \mapsto [P_y/G_{K_v}]$ has finite fibers.

pf idea of (*)

(1) "Im Φ_v is large" by comparison b/w $\mathbb{F}_v, \mathbb{F}_e$.

$Z(\phi_w) \rightsquigarrow \mathbb{F}_v$ has Zar dense image.

(2) "Cen ϕ_v is small". \checkmark size $_v(\pi^t(y)) < \frac{1}{d+1}$.

ϕ_v semilinear & most extns $K(y)/K(y)$ are large

\rightsquigarrow can bound $\dim_{\mathbb{Q}_p}(Z(\phi_v))$.

(3) Anyway, assume $E_{y,v} = K_v$ deg e ext'n of K_v .

$$\begin{aligned} \dim_{K_v}(\overline{\text{Im } \Phi_v}) &= \dim_{K_v} H_v, \quad H_v = \text{Res}_{K_v}^{K_w} LGr. \\ &= [K_w:K_v] \cdot \dim_{K_w} LGr \\ &= e \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot d(d+1). \end{aligned}$$

By contrast,

$$\text{lem 2.1} \Rightarrow \dim_{K_w} Z(\phi_w) = \dim_{K_w}(Z(\phi_w^0)) \leq (2d)^2.$$

$$\underline{\Sigma} \quad e \geq 8 \Rightarrow 8 \cdot \frac{1}{2} d(d+1) \geq (2d)^2 \Rightarrow (*).$$

§4 Gal rep's really do vary

lem 6.2 Fix K'/K of deg ≥ 8 . Fix ρ' of $G_{K'}$.

$$\Rightarrow \# \left\{ y \in \Omega_w \cap \Upsilon(K) : \begin{array}{l} \exists (y', w) \text{ above } (y, v) \text{ w/ large ext'n and simple rep'n} \\ \text{s.t. } (K(y')/K, \rho_y|_{G_{K(y')}}) \cong (K', \rho') \end{array} \right\} < \infty.$$

Proof Known: $\rho_y|_{G_{K(y')}} \leftrightarrow (V_{y',w}, \varphi_w, \text{Fil}^i V_{y',w}) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{F}_{y',w_0}(y)$

• Gauss-Marin $\Rightarrow (y', w)$ above $(y, v) \leftrightarrow (y'_0, w_0)$ above (y_0, v) .

• Consider $h \in \mathcal{H}_{y'_0, w_0} \leftrightarrow \rho'$.

can replace with $Z(\varphi_{w_0}^{[K', \mathbb{Q}]})$ b/c $Z(\varphi_{w_0}^{[K', \mathbb{Q}]})$

\rightsquigarrow To show $\# \{ y \in \Omega_w \cap \Upsilon(K) : \mathbb{F}_{y'_0, w_0}(y) \in \boxed{Z(\varphi_{w_0})} \cdot h \} < \infty$.

(6)

$\{ f \in GL(V_{y'_0, w_0}) : f \circ \varphi_{w_0} = \varphi_{w_0} \circ f \}$.

Issue Now φ_{w_0} Frob-semilin

$\Rightarrow Z(\varphi_{w_0}) / \mathbb{Q}_p$ v.s. but NOT / K_v .
need a modification.

(But $Z(\varphi_{w_0}^{[K_v:\mathbb{Q}_p]})$ is v.s. / K_v .)

$K_{w_0} = K(y_0)_{w_0}$. Modification: $\mathbb{F}_{y_0, w_0}(y) \in Z(\varphi_{w_0}^{[K_v:\mathbb{Q}_p]}) \cdot h$ instead.

$r \mid \geq 8$
 K_v
 $n \mid$
 \mathbb{Q}_p

$\hookrightarrow \dim_{K_v}(Z(\varphi_{w_0}^n)) = \dim_{K_{w_0}}(Z(\varphi_{w_0}^{nr})) \xrightarrow{2d \text{ dim!}}$
 $\leq \dim_{K_{w_0}}(\text{GL}(V_{y_0, w_0})) \leq (2d)^2 < \frac{1}{2} \cdot 8d(d+1)$
 $\xrightarrow{r \geq 8} \leq r \cdot \dim_{K_v}(\text{LG}(V_{y_0, w_0}, w))$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{dense image } \mathbb{F}_{w_0}} = \dim_{K_v}(\text{Hy}_{y_0, w_0})$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{curve}} \frac{1}{2} d(d+1)$

$\Rightarrow \{y \in \Omega_w \cap \Upsilon(K) : \mathbb{F}_{y_0, w_0}(y) \in Z(\varphi_{w_0}^n) \cdot h\} \subseteq \underbrace{\Omega_w \cap \Upsilon(K)}_{\text{curve}} \xrightarrow{\text{curve}} \text{proper Zariski closed}$
0-dim! \Rightarrow finite. □

§5 Generic Simplicity

lem 6.1 $\#B < \infty$. (All but finitely many pts in $\Omega_w \cap \Upsilon(K)^*$
w/ large ext'n & simple Gal rep'n.).

Prob (Seems) No p-adic Hodge theory involved.

Pf: Elementary inequalities & lin alg
tricky routine argument
possibly GPT can do (?)

sketch: Step 1 Drop simplicity condition. But still require large ext'n.

\hookrightarrow Sublem $B \xrightarrow{\mathbb{F}_p} H_v^{\text{bad}} := \left\{ F : \exists \varphi\text{-stable proper subrep'n } W \subseteq H_v \right.$
 $\left. \text{s.t. } \dim(F \cap W) \geq \frac{1}{2} \dim W. \right\}$

Alternatively $y \in \Omega \cap \gamma(k)^*$, bad pt.

$$\Rightarrow \exists (y, w) | (y, v) \text{ s.t. } [k(y)_w : kv] \geq \delta$$

$$\text{and } \exists \text{ proper subspace } \omega_{y,w} \subseteq V_{y,w}, \lim_{\substack{\subset \\ \mathbb{P}^w}} \dim \omega_{y,w} \geq \frac{1}{2} \dim V_{y,w}. \\ (\dim = \dim_{\mathbb{K}} \omega_{y,w}).$$

Rank (Technically) v friendly \Rightarrow possible HT wts of p_y (or p) are constrained

\Rightarrow they are crs at v/p
and pure of some wt.

pf of sublem: By elementary inequality calculus.

Step 2 Fix $(y_0, w_0) | (y_0, v)$ s.t. $[k(y_0)_{w_0} : kv] \geq \delta$.

Sublem \Rightarrow suffices to prove

$$\#\{y \in \Omega \cap \gamma(k) : \exists_{y_0, w_0} (y) \in \overline{H_{y_0, w_0}^{\text{bad}}}\} < \infty.$$

↑
parametrizes Lagrangian subspaces

$$F \subseteq V_{y_0, w_0} \text{ s.t. } \exists 0 \neq \omega \subseteq V_{y_0, w_0}$$

$$\subset$$

$$\omega \mid \dim F \cap \omega \geq \frac{1}{2} \dim \omega.$$

Step 3 $H_{y_0, w_0}^{\text{bad}} \subseteq$ proper subvar of H_{y_0, w_0} .