

# I-cohomology of Grassmannians

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Motivation To find "singular cohom" in alg geom.

Let  $X \in \text{Sm}/\mathbb{C}$ .

Comparison thm: Chow grp, étale coh, motivic coh involved.

When  $X \in \text{Sm}/\mathbb{R}$ :

Nice candidate: I-cohom (can define / any field char  $\neq 2$ ).

$$\begin{cases} H^i(X, \mathbb{I}^i) \\ H^i_{\text{ring}}(X(\mathbb{R}), \mathbb{Z}) \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} (\text{Jacobson 2017}) \\ (\text{Hornbostel - Wendt - Xie - Zibrowius}) \\ \text{"IS"} \end{array}$$

depending on  $j$ . ( $\cong$  when  $j \gg 0$ ).

Another reason to study I-cohom:

Ihm (Morel 2012)  $A = \text{smooth affine } \mathbb{k}\text{-alg}$ ,  $\dim A = d$ .

$P = \text{proj } A\text{-mod}$  of rank  $d$  s.t.  $\det P = A$ .

Then  $P \cong Q \oplus A \iff \text{Euler class } e(P) = 0 \in \widetilde{CH}^d(X)$ .

(Rmk:  $\widetilde{CH}^i(X) = H^i(X, \mathbb{I}^i) \times CH^i(X)$ )  
 $CH^i(X)/2CH^i(X)$ .

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$\mathbb{F}$  field of char  $\neq 2$ .

$Q(\mathbb{F})$  set of non-degenerate quadratic form  $[v, q]/\mathbb{F}$

(monoid w.r.t. orthogonal sum  $\perp$ ).

$L(\mathbb{F})$  submonoid generated by hyperbolic forms  $[(v, q) \perp (v, -q)]$ .

Def'n Witt grp  $W(\mathbb{F}) := Q(\mathbb{F})/L(\mathbb{F})$ .

inverse:  $-[v, q] = [v, -q]$ .

Grothendieck-Witt grp  $GW(F) = K_0(Q(F))$ .

Rmk  $\cdot W(F) \cong GW(F)/\langle L(F) \rangle$ .

$\cdot W(F)$  is arising w.r.t.  $\otimes$ .

Example  $W(\mathbb{C}) = \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $W(\mathbb{R}) = \mathbb{Z}$ ,  
 $GW(\mathbb{C}) = \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $GW(\mathbb{R}) = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ .

Construct rank:  $W(F) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ .

$$[v, q] \mapsto \text{rk}(v).$$

Def'n  $I(F) := \ker(W(F) \xrightarrow{\text{rank}} \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$  fundamental ideal.

$I^n(F) = \text{nth power of } I(F)$ .

( Thm (Milnor conj, Voevodsky 1996)  
 $I^n(F)/I^{n+m}(F) \cong K_n^M(F)/2K_m^M(F)$ . )

Residue [MH73]

A DVR,  $F = \text{Frac } R$ ,  $\mathfrak{p}$  res field.

$\mathfrak{m}$  max'l ideal,  $\pi$  uniformizer.

Thm [MH73] (a)  $W(F)$  is generated by  $\langle a \rangle$ , for some  $a \in F^\times$ .

(b)  $\delta_\pi: W(F) \rightarrow W(\mathbb{Q})$  is a grp hom.

$$\langle \pi^i u \rangle \mapsto \begin{cases} \langle \tilde{u} \rangle, & 2 \mid i \\ 0, & 2 \nmid i \end{cases} \quad \text{reciprocity.}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \circ \rightarrow W(\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow W(\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow \bigoplus_{p \neq \infty} W(\mathbb{F}_p) \rightarrow \circ$$

Rest-Schmid 1998

$$\delta: W(F) \longrightarrow W(k, (m/m^2)^\times) := W(k) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}^\times} ((M/M^2)^\times - \{0\})$$

$$\langle a \rangle \longmapsto (\delta_\pi(\langle a \rangle) \otimes \pi^\times).$$

Transfer  $L \hookrightarrow F \hookrightarrow L$  finite extns,  $\text{tr}: L \rightarrow F$ .

Thm (Scharlau 1985)

$t: I^j(L, \omega_{L/k}) \rightarrow I^j(F, \omega_{F/k})$  is a grp hom.  
 $[g] \longmapsto [\text{tr} \circ g].$

$X$  sch of fin type/ $k$ .  $\dim X = n$ .  $L$  line bns /  $X$ .

$X^{(i)}$  = set of codim  $i$  pts in  $X$ .

•  $x \in X^{(i)}$ ,  $y \in X^{(i+1)}$ .

$$I^j(k(x), \omega_x^L) \xrightarrow{\oplus \delta} \bigoplus_{\tilde{y}} I^{j-1}(k(\tilde{y}), \omega_{\tilde{y}}^L) \longrightarrow I^{j-1}(k(y), \omega_y^L)$$

where  $\tilde{y} \in \{x\}$  normalization of  $\{x\}$  in  $k(x)$   
and  $\tilde{y}$  dominates  $y$ .

Thm [IRS 98]

$$0 \rightarrow \bigoplus_{x \in X^{(0)}} I^j(k(x), \omega_x^L) \xrightarrow{\delta} \bigoplus_{x \in X^{(1)}} I^{j-1}(k(x), \omega_x^L) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \bigoplus_{x \in X^{(n)}} I^{j-n}(k(x), \omega_x^L) \rightarrow 0.$$

Its cohom is def'd to be

$$H^i(X, I^j(L)).$$

Thm (Ji, HWXZ 21)

local coeff system.

$$\text{Sing}: H^i(X, I^j(L)) \xrightarrow{\cong} H^i_{\text{sing}}(X(\mathbb{R}), \mathbb{Z}^L), \quad j \geq \dim X + 1.$$

sending Euler classes to Euler classes.

Computation Fasel 2013: proj space.

$H \times \mathbb{R}$  2020: quadratic

$W$  2020: Grassmannian /  $\mathbb{R}$ .

Thm  $X/k$ . Assume

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} Z & \longleftrightarrow & X & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & U \\ \tilde{\pi} \uparrow & \lrcorner & \pi \uparrow & \tilde{\nu} \circ & \alpha \downarrow \\ E & \xrightarrow{\tilde{\nu}} & Bl & \dashrightarrow & Y \end{array}$$

$\alpha^*$ -bundle

and  $\text{Pic}(Bl) = \mathbb{Z} \oplus \text{Pic}(X)$ ,

$$\chi^*(\alpha^*)^\dagger \nu^*(L) = (\zeta(L), \pi^* L).$$

(a) If  $\zeta(L) = 0$ , then

$$H^i(X, I^j(\omega)) \cong H^{i-d}(Z, I^{i-d}(\omega \otimes L)) \oplus H^i(Y, I^j(\omega)).$$

(b) If  $\zeta(L) \neq 0$ , then

$$\cdots \rightarrow H^{i-d}(Z, I^{i-d}(\omega \otimes L)) \xrightarrow{\delta} H^i(X, I^j(\omega)) \xrightarrow{\alpha^*} H^i(Y, I^j(\omega))$$

$$\begin{matrix} \nearrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \alpha^* \\ H^{i-d+1}(Z, I^{i-d}(\omega \otimes L)) & & & & H^i(Y, I^j(\omega)) \\ \uparrow & & \curvearrowleft & & \\ H^i(E, I^j(\omega)) & & & & \end{matrix}$$

Application  $G_d(E)$  Grassmann bundle.  $E/S$  vector bundle,  $\text{rk } E = n+d$ .

$$G_d(n) := G_d(\mathbb{Q}_S^{n+d}).$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} G_d(n-1) & \longleftrightarrow & G_d(n) & \longleftrightarrow & U_d(n) \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \downarrow \\ \mathbb{P}(N) = E & \longrightarrow & Bl & \dashrightarrow & G_{d-1}(E) \\ & & \uparrow \text{proj. bundle.} & & \end{array}$$

$$H^{\text{tot}}(X) := \bigoplus_{1 \leq i \leq d} \bigoplus_{j=0}^i H^i(X, I^j(\omega)).$$

$$H^{\text{tot}}(S) := \bigoplus_{i,j} H^i(S, I^j / I^{j+1}).$$

$$\underline{\text{Thm}} \quad H^{\text{tot}}(G_d(n)) = \left( \bigoplus_{a \leq b} H^{\text{tot}}(S) \right) \oplus \left( \bigoplus_{a > b} H^{\text{tot}}(S) \right).$$

$$a = \binom{n+d}{d}, \quad b = \binom{\lfloor \frac{d}{2} \rfloor + \lfloor \frac{m}{2} \rfloor}{\lfloor \frac{d}{2} \rfloor}.$$