

*Elementary Number Theory*

**PROBLEM SET 1**

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**Problem 1.** Let  $a, b$  be positive integers with  $\gcd(a, b) = 1$ .

- (a) Prove that  $ab - a - b$  cannot be written as  $ax + by$  where  $x, y$  are non-negative integers.
- (b) Prove that for any integer  $n > ab - a - b$ , there exist non-negative integers  $x, y$  such that  $n = ax + by$ .

**Problem 2.** Let  $\mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$  denote the set of non-negative integers. Let  $f : \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} \times \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$  be a function such that

$$f(b, a) = f(a, b) = f(b - a, a)$$

for any integers  $0 \leq a \leq b$ . Prove that

$$f(a, b) = f(\gcd(a, b), 0)$$

for any  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ .

**Problem 3.** Let  $a, m, n$  be positive integers. Prove that

$$\gcd(a^m - 1, a^n - 1) = a^{\gcd(m, n)} - 1.$$

**Problem 4.** Let  $x, y, z$  be positive integers such that  $\gcd(x, y, z) = 1$  and

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{z}.$$

Prove that  $x + y$  is a perfect square.

**Problem 5.** Let  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$  be a sequence of positive integers such that

$$\gcd(a_m, a_n) = \gcd(m, n)$$

for any  $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$  that are distinct. Prove that  $a_m = m$  for any  $m \in \mathbb{N}$ .

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