

# Lect 13 Overview and local syntomic computations

12/12/22

Colmez-Niziol Syntomic complexes & p-adic nearby cycles, Invent.

## §.1. Introduction

setup  $k$  perfect field of char  $p > 0$ ,  $F = W(k)[\frac{1}{p}]$

$K/F$  fin tot. ramif ext of deg  $e$   $\vartheta \in \mathcal{O}_k$  unif,  $E(x_0) \in \mathcal{O}_F[x_0]$  min poly.

Thm (Cst) Let  $\mathcal{X}$  be a proper semistable (p-adic formal) scheme /  $\mathcal{O}_k$

$$\exists \text{ nat isom } H_{\text{ét}}^j(\mathcal{X}_{\overline{k}}, \mathbb{Q}_p) \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}_p} B_{\text{st}} \simeq H_{\text{HK}}^j(\mathcal{X}) \otimes_{k_0} B_{\text{st}}$$

$\downarrow$   $\downarrow$  Hyodo-Kato  $H_{\text{log cns}}[\frac{1}{p}]$

$$H_{\text{ét}}^j(\mathcal{X}_{\overline{k}}, \mathbb{Q}_p) \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}_p} B_{\text{dR}} \simeq H_{\text{dR}}^j(\mathcal{X}_k) \otimes_k B_{\text{dR}}$$

comp w/ add structures

Rem. many proofs (at least  $\mathcal{X}$  scheme)! Tsuji syntomic  
 Faltings alu étale } + Poincaré duality  
 Niziol K-theory

Colmez-Niziol syntomic + Banach-Colmez spaces

naive strategy define a cohom  $H_{\text{syn}}^j(r) := H_{\text{syn}}^j(\mathcal{X}_{\mathcal{O}_k}, r)_{\mathcal{O}_k}$  that sits in

$$\dots \rightarrow \frac{H_{\text{dR}}^{j-1} \otimes_k B_{\text{dR}}}{\text{Fil}^r} \rightarrow H_{\text{syn}}^j(r) \rightarrow \left( H_{\text{HK}}^j \otimes_F B_{\text{st}}^+ \right)^{\varphi=p^r, N=0} \rightarrow \frac{H_{\text{dR}}^j \otimes_k B_{\text{dR}}}{\text{Fil}^r} \rightarrow \dots$$

Show: ①  $\exists \alpha_r : H_{\text{syn}}^j(r) \xrightarrow{\sim} H_{\text{ét}}^j(\mathcal{X}_{\overline{k}}, \mathbb{Q}_p(r))$  if  $0 \leq j \leq r$

②  $0 \rightarrow H_{\text{syn}}^j(r) \rightarrow \left( H_{\text{HK}}^j \otimes B_{\text{st}}^+ \right)^{\varphi=p^r, N=0} \rightarrow \frac{H_{\text{dR}}^j \otimes B_{\text{dR}}}{\text{Fil}^r} \rightarrow 0$

exact if  $0 \leq j < r$ .

← 王老师

← BC spaces + Dim theory +  $H_{\text{syn}}^j(r)$  f.d.  $\mathbb{Q}_p$ -vs

today + next week: local computation necessary for ①

← ① + Scholze's finiteness

final week: global ①+②

← Man 老师

S.2. local syntomic computations

p-adic compl poly

today  $R := \mathcal{O}_k \{ X_1, \dots, X_d, \frac{\varpi}{X_1 \dots X_d} \} = \mathcal{O}_k \{ X_1, \dots, X_{d+1} \} / (X_1 \dots X_{d+1} - \varpi)$

note. Colmez-Niziol  $R =$  p-adic compl étale ext of  $\mathcal{O}_k \{ X_1, \dots, X_d, \frac{\varpi^h}{X_1 \dots X_d}, Y_1^{z_1}, \dots, Y_a^{z_a}, Z_1, \dots, Z_k \}$

Def.  $r_\varpi^+ := \mathbb{S} := \mathcal{O}_F[[X_0]] \xrightarrow{X_0 \mapsto \varpi} \mathcal{O}_k$ ,  $\ker = (E(X_0))$

$R_\varpi^+ := (p, X_0)$ -compl of  $\mathcal{O}_F[X_0, X_1, \dots, X_d, \frac{X_0}{X_1 \dots X_d}]$

$\text{Spf } R \hookrightarrow \text{Spf } R_\varpi^+ \rightarrow \text{Spf } \mathcal{O}_k$

Want: "PD-nbd" (PD-envelope)

exer  $E(X_0) \equiv X_0^e \pmod{p}$

$R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} :=$  p-adic compl of  $r_\varpi^+ \left[ \frac{E(X_0)^j}{j!} : j \geq 0 \right] \stackrel{\text{exer}}{=} r_\varpi^+ \left[ \frac{X_0^e}{[e]_p!} : e \geq 0 \right]^{\wedge_{(p)}}$

$R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} := r_\varpi^{\text{PD}} \hat{\otimes}_{r_\varpi^+} R_\varpi^+ =$  (p-adic PD-envelope of  $R_\varpi^+ \rightarrow R$ )

Def. (additional strgs on  $R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}$ )

- filtration  $F^r R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} : R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} \hookrightarrow R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}[\frac{1}{p}]^{\wedge_{(E(X_0))}} \stackrel{\text{exer}}{=} R[\frac{1}{p}]^{\wedge_{(X_0 - \varpi)}}$   
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow$   
 $F^r R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} \hookrightarrow (X_0 - \varpi)^r \cdot R[\frac{1}{p}]^{\wedge_{(X_0 - \varpi)}}$

- Kummer Frobenius  $\varphi = \varphi_{\text{Kum}}$ :

$\exists!$  cont ring endom  $\varphi_{\text{Kum}} : R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} \rightarrow R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}$  s.t.  $\varphi|_{\mathcal{O}_F} = w(\text{Frob}_p)$ ,  $\varphi(X_j) = X_j^p$   $0 \leq j \leq d$

- log diff:  $\Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^1 = \bigoplus_{j=0}^d R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} \frac{dX_j}{X_j}$ ,  $\Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^n = \bigwedge^n \Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^1 = \bigoplus_{j_1 < \dots < j_n} R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} \frac{dX_{j_1}}{X_{j_1}} \wedge \dots \wedge \frac{dX_{j_n}}{X_{j_n}}$   
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow$   
 $F^r \Omega^n := \bigoplus F^r R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} \left( \frac{dX_j}{X_j} \right)$   
 $\varphi = \varphi_{\text{Kum}} \curvearrowright \Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^n$  coeff wise!

$\rightarrow (\Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^1, d)$  log de Rham cpx

obs.  $F^r \Omega^\bullet := (F^r R_\varpi^{\text{PD}} \xrightarrow{d} F^{r-1} \Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^1 \xrightarrow{d} F^{r-2} \Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^2 \rightarrow \dots)$  subcpx

$\bullet \varphi_{\text{Kum}} : \Omega^\bullet \rightarrow \Omega^\bullet$  endom of cpx  $\leftarrow d \varphi(X_j) = d X_j^p = p X_j^{p-1} \frac{dX_j}{X_j} = p \frac{dX_j}{X_j}$

Def.  $\text{Syn}(R, r) := \text{Kum}(R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}, r) := \text{Cone} \left( F^r \Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^\bullet \xrightarrow{p^r - \bullet \varphi_{\text{Kum}}} \Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^\bullet[-1] \right) = p \varphi_{\text{Kum}} \left( X_j \frac{dX_j}{X_j} \right)$

$\text{Syn}^\bullet = \bigoplus_{i=-1}^r \Omega_{R_\varpi^{\text{PD}}}^i \hookrightarrow d = \begin{pmatrix} d & 0 \\ p^r - \bullet \varphi_{\text{Kum}} & d \end{pmatrix}$  local syntomic cpx (w.r.t. fixed chart)

$$H_{\text{syn}}^*(R, r) := H^*(\text{Syn}(R, r))$$

Goal of today + next week. Relate  $T_{\infty} \text{Syn}(R, r)$  &  $T_{\infty} \text{RP}_{\text{cut}}(\text{Gal}_{\mathbb{R}[X_p]}, \mathbb{Z}_p(v))$

Switch  $\begin{matrix} \text{\S 3 PD-nbd} \rightarrow \text{annulus} \\ \text{\S 4 Kummer} \rightarrow \text{cyclotomic} \end{matrix}$   $\rightarrow$  today  $\leftrightarrow$  next week

$T_{\infty}$  "cyclotomic cpx"  $(\varphi, p)$ -modules

\S 3. switch from PD-nbd to annulus

Recall  $r_{\mathbb{Q}}^+ = \mathcal{O}_F[[X_0]]$   $\circlearrowleft$  open unit disc  $|X_0| < 1 \Leftrightarrow v_p(X_0) > 0$ .

Def. For  $0 < u \leq v$

$$r_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]} := r_{\mathbb{Q}}^+ \left[ \frac{X_0^j}{p^{\lfloor uj/e \rfloor}} : j \geq 0 \right]^{\wedge (p)} \quad "v_p(X_0) \geq \frac{1}{e} u"$$

$$r_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, v]} := r_{\mathbb{Q}}^+ \left[ \frac{X_0^j}{p^{\lfloor uj/e \rfloor}}, \frac{X_0^j}{p^{\lfloor vj/e \rfloor}} : j \geq 0 \right]^{\wedge (p)} \quad "\frac{1}{e} v \geq v_p(X_0) \geq \frac{1}{e} u"$$

obs.  $r_{\mathbb{Q}}^{\text{PD}} \sim r_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[1/p-1]} \leftarrow \frac{1}{e} \lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{v_p(j!)}{j} = \frac{1}{e} \frac{1}{p-1}$

$v_p(X_0) \geq \frac{1}{e} \cdot \frac{1}{p-1}$

$v_p(X_0) = \frac{1}{e}$

Set  $R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]} := r_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]} \hat{\otimes}_{r_{\mathbb{Q}}^+} R_{\mathbb{Q}}^+$ ,  $R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, v]} := r_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, v]} \hat{\otimes}_{r_{\mathbb{Q}}^+} R_{\mathbb{Q}}^+$

$\rightarrow$  filtr: when  $u \leq l \leq v$ , can define  $F^r R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]}$ ,  $F^r R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, v]}$  as before

$$\begin{matrix} \varphi_{\text{Kum}}: R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]} \rightarrow R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[1/p]} \xrightarrow{\text{res}} R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]} \\ u \leq 1/p \quad R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, v]} \rightarrow R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[1/p, 1/p]} \xrightarrow{\text{res}} R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, 1/p]} \end{matrix}$$

Def.  $\text{Kum}(R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]}, r) := \text{Cone}(F^r \Omega_{R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]}} \xrightarrow{p^r - p^r \varphi_K} \Omega_{R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]}})[-1]$

$\text{Kum}(R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, v]}, r) := \text{Cone}(F^r \Omega_{R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, v]}} \xrightarrow{p^r - p^r \varphi_K} \Omega_{R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, 1/p]}})[-1]$

Prop. 1 (1) if  $\frac{1}{p-1} \leq u \leq 1$ , then  $R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{\text{PD}} \hookrightarrow R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]}$  induces  $p^{4r} \partial_i(\ker) = p^{4r} \partial_i(\text{Coker}) = 0$

$$T_{\infty} \text{Kum}(R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{\text{PD}}, r) \rightarrow T_{\infty} \text{Kum}(R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]}, r) \quad (p^{4r}) \text{-isom.}$$

(2)  $\exists$  nat  $p^{2r}$ -isom  $T_{\infty} \text{Kum}(R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u]}, r)$  &  $T_{\infty} \text{Kum}(R_{\mathbb{Q}}^{[u, v]}, r)$

(1) SES of cpxes

sketch

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & \Omega_{\text{PD}}^{\bullet-1} & \rightarrow & \text{Kum}(\text{PD}, r) & \rightarrow & F^r \Omega_{\text{PD}}^{\bullet} \rightarrow 0 \\ & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 0 & \rightarrow & \Omega_{[u]}^{\bullet-1} & \rightarrow & \text{Kum}([u], r) & \rightarrow & F^r \Omega_{[u]}^{\bullet} \rightarrow 0 \end{array}$$

writing  $p^r - p \cdot \varphi = p \cdot (p^{\frac{r-1}{p}} - \varphi)$  reduces (1) to: (omit)

LEM. if  $s \geq 0$ ,  $\frac{1}{p-1} \leq u \leq 1$ , then

$$p^s - \varphi \text{ induces } F^r R^{[u]} / F^r R^{PD} \longrightarrow R^{[u]} / R^{PD} \quad p^{str} \text{-isom}$$

Standard:  $p^r$ -inj ( $\Rightarrow p^{str}$ -inj): By def  $F^r R^{PD} = R^{PD} \cap F^r R^{[u]}$

$$\text{STP: } x \in R^{[u]} \quad (p^s - \varphi)(x) \in R^{PD} \Rightarrow p^s x \in R^{PD}$$

$$\text{obs. } u \leq 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{p} \leq \frac{1}{p} < \frac{1}{p-1} \Rightarrow \varphi(R^{[u]}) \subset R^{PD}$$

$$\text{so } p^s x = \underbrace{(p^s - \varphi)(x)}_{\in R^{PD}} + \underbrace{\varphi(x)}_{\substack{\in \text{obs} \\ \in R^{PD}}} \in R^{PD} \quad // \Rightarrow (1)$$

$p^{str}$ -surj (omit)

main tool for (2) Fact.  $\exists \mathbb{Z}_p$ -lin hom  $\psi = \psi_{Kum} : R_{\mathfrak{O}}^{[u]} \rightarrow R_{\mathfrak{O}}^{[pu]}$  s.t.  $\psi \circ \varphi = \text{id}$ .

$$\psi : R^{[\frac{1}{p}, u]} \longrightarrow R^{[u, p]} \quad (\Rightarrow \psi \text{ surj})$$

Look at	$F^r \Omega_{[u]}$	$\xrightarrow{p^r - p \cdot \varphi}$	$\Omega_{[u]}^{\circ}$		$Kum([u], r)$
	$\parallel$	$\circlearrowright$	$\downarrow \psi$		$\downarrow$ (A)
	$F^r \Omega_{[u]}$	$\xrightarrow{p^r \psi - p \cdot}$	$\Omega_{[pu]}$	$\text{Cone}[-1]$	$Kum^{\psi}([u], r)$
	$\downarrow \text{res}$		$\downarrow \text{res}$	$\longrightarrow$	$\downarrow \text{res}$ (B)
	$F^r \Omega_{[u, v]}$	$\xrightarrow{p^r \psi - p \cdot}$	$\Omega_{[pu, v]}$		$Kum^{\psi}([u, v], r)$
	$\parallel$		$\uparrow \psi$		$\uparrow$ (C)
	$F^r \Omega_{[u, v]}$	$\xrightarrow{p^r - p \cdot \varphi}$	$\Omega_{[u, \frac{1}{p}]}$		$Kum([u, v], r)$

Can show (A), (C) isom by checking acyclicity of  $\Omega^{\circ, \psi=0}$

$$\text{Tr(B)} \quad p^{2r} \text{-isom} \leftarrow p^r \psi - p \cdot = -p \cdot (1 - p^{r-1} \psi)$$

$\psi$  top nilp  $\Rightarrow$  invertible if  $r=0 \geq 0$

#### S.4. Switch from Kummer to cyclotomic

need add assump on  $K$  Fix  $(\zeta_{p^n}) \subset \bar{K}$ .  $F_n = F(\zeta_{p^n})$ .  $e \begin{pmatrix} K \\ \vdots \\ F_i \\ \vdots \\ F \end{pmatrix} \oplus$

$$i := \max \{ n : \zeta_{p^n} \in K \} \quad K_n := K(\zeta_{p^{n+i}})$$

$$d_K := e \nu_p(\Delta_{K/F_i})$$

Say  $K$  contains enough roots of unity if  $d_K < \frac{e}{2p} - f$

$\leftarrow$   $K_{00}/F_{00}$  also étale  
true for  $f_n \gg 0$   
in place of  $f$

We assume this in what follows:

$$\zeta := \zeta_{p^i}, \quad \zeta^{-1} \in \mathcal{O}_F \text{ unif}$$

$\mathcal{O}_F[[T, X_0]] \cong R_{\infty}^+ = \mathcal{O}_F[[X_0]] \xrightarrow{X_0 \mapsto \Theta} \mathcal{O}_k$     choose  $Q(X_0, T) = X_0^f + A_{f-1}(T)X_0^{f-1} + \dots + A_0(T)$   
 in  $\mathcal{O}_F[[X_0, T]]$   
 $R_{s-1}^+ = \mathcal{O}_F[[T]] \xrightarrow{T \mapsto T^{s-1}} \mathcal{O}_{F_i}$     s.t.  $\begin{cases} A_j(T) \in T \mathcal{O}_F[[T]], A_0 \in \mathcal{O}_F^* \cdot T + T^2 \mathcal{O}_F[[T]] \\ Q(X_0, T) \text{ is min poly of } \Theta / F_i \end{cases}$   
 $R_{\infty}^+ = \bigoplus_{\ell=0, \dots, f-1} R_{s-1}^+ T^{\ell}$   
 Set  $R_{s-1, \square} := \mathcal{O}_F[[T]] \{X_1, \dots, X_d\} \rightarrow \frac{R_{s-1, \square} \left\{ \frac{X_0}{X_1 \dots X_d} \right\}}{(Q(X_0, T))} \cong R_{\infty}^+$

Def/Prop. cyclotomic Frob  $\varphi_{\text{cycl}} \in R_{s-1, \square}^+$  by  $\begin{cases} T \mapsto (1+T)^p \\ X_j \mapsto X_j^p \quad 1 \leq j \leq d \end{cases}$   
 $\Rightarrow \exists$  nat extend  $\varphi_{\text{cycl}}: R_{\infty}^+ \rightarrow R_{\infty}^+$   
 $R_{\infty}^{[u, v]} \rightarrow R_{\infty}^{[u/p, v/p]} \xrightarrow{\text{res}} R_{\infty}^{[u, v/p]}$

Def.  $\text{Cycl}(R_{\infty}^{[u, v]}, r) := \text{Cone} \left( F^r \Omega_{R_{\infty}^{[u, v]}} \xrightarrow{p^r - p^i \varphi_{\text{cycl}}} \Omega_{R_{\infty}^{[u, v/p]}} \right) [-1]$   
 if  $p u \in v < \frac{e}{2f} ([d_k/f] + 1)$

Prop. 2 ( $p \geq 3$ )  $\exists$  nat gison b/w  $\text{Kum}(R_{\infty}^{[u, v]}, r)$  &  $\text{Cycl}(R_{\infty}^{[u, v]}, r)$   
 $\downarrow$  (d+1)

idea. Set  $R_1 = R_2 = R_{\infty}^{[u, v]}$   
 $R_3 = p\text{-adic log PD-envelope of } R_1 \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}_p} R_2 \xrightarrow{\text{mult}} R_{\infty}^{[u, v]}$   
 $= (R_1 \otimes R_2) \left[ V_0, \dots, V_d, \frac{(V_j-1)^k}{k!} \quad k \geq 0 \right]^{\wedge (p)}$      $V_j = \frac{X_j - 1}{1 \otimes X_j}$   
 $\Rightarrow F^r R_3, \varphi_{R_3} = \varphi_{\text{Kum}} \otimes \varphi_{\text{cycl}}: R_3 \rightarrow R_3^{[u, v/p]}$

Claim. filtered PD Poincaré lemma:  $\Omega'_{R_3} = p_1^* \Omega'_{R_1} \oplus p_2^* \Omega'_{R_2}$   
 $F^r \Omega_{R_1} \rightarrow F^r \Omega_{R_3} := (F^r R_3 \rightarrow F^{r-1} \Omega'_{R_3} \rightarrow F^{r-2} \Omega'^2_{R_3} \rightarrow \dots)$   
 gison  $\text{bis } \varphi F^r \Omega_{R_2}$   
 $\Rightarrow \text{Kum}([u, v], r) \xrightarrow{\text{gison}} \text{Cone} \left( F^r \Omega_{R_3} \xrightarrow{p^r - p^i \varphi_{R_3}} \Omega_{R_3}^{[u, v/p]} \right) [-1] \xleftarrow{\text{gison}} \text{Cycl}([u, v], r) //$

$R_3 = R_1 \langle V_0, \dots, V_{d-1} \rangle^{\text{PD}}$