

Semistable Comparison

• $K/K_0 = W(K)[\frac{1}{p}]$ for tot. ram. $G_K \cong \text{Gal}(\bar{E}/K)$

X : proper semist / \mathcal{O}_K .

Assume trivial divisor $\otimes \infty$: $X_{\text{triv}} = X_K$.

(o/w, e.g. $A = \mathcal{O}_K[x^{\pm 1}, y_1, y_2, z_1, z_2]/(y_1 y_2 - t^2)$)

$(\text{Spec } A)_{\text{triv}} = \text{Spec } A_K \setminus D_K$, $D = \{z_1, z_2 = 0\}$?

Thm \exists nat'l G_K -equiv. isom.

$$H^i_{\text{ét}}(X_K, (\mathbb{Q}_p) \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}_p} B_{\text{st}}) \cong H^i_{\text{dR}}(X) \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{st}} \quad ?^{p, N}$$

$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$

$$H^i_{\text{ét}}(") \otimes B_{\text{dR}} \cong H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_K) \otimes_K B_{\text{dR}} \quad \text{FTL}$$

Rmk When non-triv. div. $\otimes \infty$, $X_{\text{triv}, K}$ in place of X_K .

Idea Study LES

$$\dots \rightarrow (H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_K) \otimes B_{\text{dR}}^T)/F^r \rightarrow H^i_{\text{syn}}(X_{\mathcal{O}_E}, r) \otimes \quad \text{④}$$

$$\rightarrow (H^i_{\text{dR}}(X) \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{st}}^T)^{p^r, N=0} \rightarrow (H^i_{\text{dR}}(X_K) \otimes_K B_{\text{dR}}^T)/F^r \rightarrow \dots$$

Via Fini. dim. PC sp's. + EM map.

§1. LES ④

Notn • For V DVR, V : triv log. str. V^\times : can. log.

V° : log by $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow V$, $1 \mapsto 0$.

$(X_n / W_n(k))_{\text{cr}}$: log-analytic site.

obj's : $(U, M) \xrightarrow{\quad} (T, M_T)$ exact dual pair + PD-str.
 ∇_{X_n} log. $f^*M_T \subseteq M$

J_{X_n/W_n} : PD-ideal $u : (X_n/W_n)_{\text{cr}} \rightarrow X_{\text{et}}$

$\bullet R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X, J^{\infty})_n := R\overline{I}(X_{\text{et}}, R_{\text{et}} J_{X_n/W_n}^{\infty})$ r^{th} div pair.

$R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(\text{ " }) := \text{holim}_n (\text{ " })_n$

$\bullet R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X, r)_n := [R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X, J^{\infty})_n \xrightarrow{p^{r-\varphi}} R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_n)]$
 $\subseteq [R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_n) \xrightarrow{(p^{r-\varphi}, \text{can})} R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X)_n \oplus R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X, O/F_r)]$

$\bullet R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_{O_F}, J^{\infty}) \& R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_{O_F}, r)$ similarly.

Lem $R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_{O_F}, r)_{\mathbb{Q}}$

$\hookrightarrow [R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X) \otimes_{F_r} B_{\text{st}}^+]^{\varphi=p^r, N=0} \xrightarrow{\text{Lie}} (R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_F) \otimes_K B_{\text{ur}}^+)/F_r^n]$

$\bullet R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X) := R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_K / W(K)^{\circ})_{\mathbb{Q}}$

$\bullet L_{\text{dR}} : R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X) \rightarrow R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_F)$ Hodge - Kato map.

$R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X_F)/F^m \hookrightarrow R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X, O_X/O_F^{\times} / J_{X/O_F^{\times}}^{\infty})_{\mathbb{Q}}$
 $\xleftarrow{q_m} R\overline{I}_{\text{cr}}(X, O_{X/W(K)} / J_{X/W(K)}^{\infty})_{\mathbb{Q}}$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} = \{ \sum_{i=0}^r d_i \frac{x_i}{L_i(r)!} : d_i \in W(K), d_i \rightarrow 0 \}$

$N(x_0) = -x_0$, log. str. gen. by x_0 .

$$\tilde{j}_0 : r_{\infty}^{PD} \rightarrow W(k)^0, x_0 \mapsto 0, \quad \tilde{j}_{\infty} : r_{\infty}^{PD} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_k^*, x_0 \mapsto \infty$$

$$\tilde{j}_0^* : R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD})_{\mathbb{Q}} \rightarrow R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{HK}}(X)$$

$$\exists ! \text{ section } s : R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{HK}}(X) \rightarrow R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD})_{\mathbb{Q}}$$

Dwork's trick

$$\underline{r_{\infty}^{PD} \otimes_{W(k)} R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{HK}}(X) \xrightarrow{s} R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD})_{\mathbb{Q}}}.$$

\Rightarrow Hodo - Kato map

$$l_{\text{HK}} : R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{HK}}(X) \xrightarrow{s} R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD})_{\mathbb{Q}} \xrightarrow{\tilde{j}_0^*} R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / \mathcal{O}_k^*)_{\mathbb{Q}} \triangleq R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{LP}}(X_k).$$

$$\begin{aligned} & R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X, r)_{\mathbb{Q}} \cong [R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X)_{\mathbb{Q}} \xrightarrow{\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1-\frac{\varphi}{p} & 0 \\ 0 & p^r \end{smallmatrix}\right)} R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X)_{\mathbb{Q}} \oplus R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{LP}}(X_k) / F^r] \\ & \xrightarrow{\text{①}} \begin{bmatrix} R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD})_{\mathbb{Q}} \xrightarrow{\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1-\frac{\varphi}{p} & 0 \\ 0 & p^r \end{smallmatrix}\right)} R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD})_{\mathbb{Q}} \oplus R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{LP}}(X_k) / F^r \\ \downarrow N \\ R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD})_{\mathbb{Q}} \xrightarrow{\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1-\frac{\varphi}{p^m} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right)} \downarrow (N, 0) \\ R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD})_{\mathbb{Q}} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \xrightarrow{\text{②}} \begin{bmatrix} R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{HK}}(X) \xrightarrow{\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1-\frac{\varphi}{p} & l_{\text{HK}} \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right)} R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{HK}}(X) \oplus R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{LP}}(X_k) / F^r \\ \downarrow N \\ R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{HK}}(X) \xrightarrow{\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1-\frac{\varphi}{p^m} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right)} R\overline{\text{Tor}}_{\text{HK}}(X) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{③} : \text{dist. } \Delta \quad R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X) \rightarrow R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD}) \xrightarrow{N} R\overline{\text{Tor}}(X / r_{\infty}^{PD}) \\ & \quad H_{\text{HK}}^i(X) \xrightarrow{p^r - \varphi} H_{\text{HK}}^i(X) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ & \quad r_{\infty}^{PD} \otimes_W H_{\text{HK}}^i(X) \xrightarrow{p^r - \varphi} r_{\infty}^{PD} \otimes_W H_{\text{HK}}^i(X) \end{aligned}$$

Vert. maps induce isom. on $\text{ker}(p^r - \varphi)$ & $\text{coker}(p^r - \varphi)$.

$$\Rightarrow R\mathbb{T}_{\text{syn}}(X, r)_{\alpha} \triangleq [R\mathbb{T}_{\text{dR}}(X)]^{p=p^r, N=0} \xrightarrow{\text{Lk}} R\mathbb{T}_{\text{dR}}(X_K)/F^r]$$

Beilinson: $R\mathbb{T}_{\text{HK}}$ via cx of (φ, N) -mod's.

Nekovar-Nizioł: geometrizing above. ($K \rightarrow \mathbb{K}$) \Rightarrow Lean.

Lean: $R\mathbb{T}_{\text{syn}}(X_{\mathcal{O}_F}, r)_{\alpha}$

$$\triangleq [R\mathbb{T}_{\text{dR}}(X) \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{st}}^+]^{p=p^r, N=0} \xrightarrow{\text{Lk}} (R\mathbb{T}_{\text{dR}}(X_K) \otimes_K B_{\text{dR}}^+)/F^r$$

$$\text{Fact} \cdot H^i((R\mathbb{T}_{\text{dR}}(X_K) \otimes_K B_{\text{dR}}^+)/F^r) \triangleq H_{\text{dR}}^i(X_K) \otimes_K B_{\text{dR}}^+ / F^r$$

(by degen. of Hodge-de Rham spectral seq.)

$$\bullet H^i[R\mathbb{T}_{\text{dR}}(X) \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{st}}^+]^{p=p^r, N=0} \triangleq (H_{\text{HK}}^i(X) \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{st}}^+) \quad : \quad p=p^r, N=0$$

For (φ, N) -mod $M \neq K_0$.

$$0 \rightarrow (M \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{dR}}^+)^{p=p^r} \rightarrow M \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{dR}}^+ \xrightarrow{1 - \frac{\varphi}{p^r}} M \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{dR}}^+ \rightarrow 0$$

exact

$$\& \text{ if } N(M) = 0.$$

$$0 \rightarrow M \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{dR}}^+ \rightarrow M \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{st}}^+ \xrightarrow{N} M \otimes_{K_0} B_{\text{st}}^+ \rightarrow 0. \quad \text{exact}$$

LES \oplus

§ 2. Fin. dim. BC sp's.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fin. dim. } W \cdot \cdot \cdot &: \dim W = (\text{Colim } W_i, W_i) \\ &= (d, \dim_{\mathbb{Q}} V_1 - \dim_{\mathbb{Q}} V_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$0 \rightarrow V_1 \rightarrow V_2 \rightarrow W^d \rightarrow 0$$

↓
W ↓ 0

- $f: W_1 \rightarrow W_2$

$$\Rightarrow \dim W_1 = \dim \ker f + \dim \text{Im } f, \quad \dim W_2 = \dim \text{Im } f + \dim \text{coker } f.$$

Fact 1) $\dim W \geq 0 \Rightarrow \text{ht } W \geq 0$.

(2) $f: W_1 \rightarrow W_2$ $\ker(f)(C) \& \text{ coker}(f)(C)$ fm. / \mathbb{Q}_p .

$$\Rightarrow \dim W_1 = \dim W_2$$

(3) W_2 : succ. ext'n of W^1 's $W_1 \hookrightarrow W_2$

$$\Rightarrow \text{ht } W_1 \geq 0$$

(4) W_2 : succ. ext'n of W^1 's $f: W_1 \rightarrow W_2$,

$\ker(f)(C)$ fm. / \mathbb{Q}_p $\dim W_1 = \dim W_2 \Rightarrow f$ surj.

- $D = (D_{st}, D_{dk}, \lambda)$ $D_{st} : (\mathcal{P}, N)\text{-mod} / k_0$.

D_{dk} : fil. mod / k . $\lambda : D_{st} \rightarrow D_{dk}$ $k_0 - t_m$.

$$\mathbb{X}_{st}^r(D) = (t^{-n} B_{st}^+ \otimes_{k_0} D_{st})^{\varphi=1, N=0} \quad \mathbb{X}_{dk}^r(D) = (t^{-n} B_{dk}^+ \otimes_k D_{dk})_{\mathbb{F}}$$

- If $E^{r+1} D_{dk} = 0$ & $r \geq \text{slope of } \varphi$ ($r(\varphi) := \min$ such r)

$$\dim \mathbb{X}_{st}^r(D) = (r \dim_{k_0} D_{st} - t_m(D_{st}), \dim_{k_0} D_{st})$$

$$\dim \mathbb{X}_{dk}^r(D) = (r \dim_k D_{dk} - t_m(D_{dk}), 0)$$

- If $r \geq r(\varphi)$ & $k \otimes_{k_0} D_{st} \xrightarrow{\sim} D_{dk}$,

$$W_{st}(D) := \ker(\mathbb{X}_{st}^r(D) \xrightarrow{\lambda} \mathbb{X}_{dk}^r(D)) \quad \text{index of } r.$$

• Not'n : $W(C) = W$.

Lem Sps $\lambda : \mathbb{K} \otimes_{D^{\text{st}}} D_{\text{st}} \rightarrow D_{\text{st}}$ com. & $t_H(D_{\text{st}}) = t_N(D_{\text{st}})$.

(1) TFAE : (a) $V_{\text{st}}(D)$ fin. / \mathbb{Q}_p .

(b) $X_{\text{st}}^r(D) \rightarrow X_{\text{dk}}^r(D)$ surj. for $r = r(D)$ ($(b') \quad r \geq r(D)$)

conds in (1) imply :

(1) $\dim_{\mathbb{Q}_p} V_{\text{st}}(D) = \text{rk}(D)$.

(2) D is wtly adms.

pf) (1) follows from Fact (4).

(2) If $\exists D' \subset D$ s.t. $t_N(D') \subset t_H(D')$, Then for $n > 0$
 $\dim W_{\text{st}}(D') \geq 1 \Rightarrow \text{** (a)}$

PROOF

Prop 1 Given $D^i = (D_{\text{st}}^i, D_{\text{dk}}^i, \lambda^i)$ for each i s.t. $F^{\text{wt}} D_{\text{dk}}^i = 0$,

Sps for each r , have LES

$\cdots \rightarrow H^i(r) \rightarrow X_{\text{st}}^r(D^i) \rightarrow X_{\text{dk}}^r(D^i) \rightarrow H^{i+1}(r) \rightarrow \cdots$

where $H^i(r)$ fin. / \mathbb{Q}_p if $i \leq n$, Then :

(1) $\lambda^i : \mathbb{K} \otimes_{D^i} D_{\text{st}}^i \xrightarrow{\sim} D_{\text{dk}}^i \quad \forall i$.

(2) D^i is wtly adms. $\forall i$.

(3) $0 \rightarrow H^i(r) \rightarrow X_{\text{st}}^r(D^i) \rightarrow X_{\text{dk}}^r(D^i) \rightarrow 0$ exact if $i \leq n$.

pf) $\forall r > 0$, $\dim X_{\text{st}}^r(D^i) = \dim X_{\text{dk}}^r(D^i)$ by Fact (2).

$\Rightarrow \dim_{\mathbb{K}} D_{\text{st}}^i = \dim_{\mathbb{K}} D_{\text{dk}}^i$, $t_H(D^i) = t_N(D^i)$.

(1) $D' := \text{Im } (\lambda^i) \subset D_{\text{dk}}^i$, $\text{ker}(X_{\text{st}}^r(D^i) \rightarrow X_{\text{dk}}^r(D^i)) \rightarrow X_{\text{dk}}^r(D^i/D')$

If $r \geq i+1$, $\text{coker}(C) \hookrightarrow H^{i+1}(r)$ fin. / \mathbb{Q}_p .

$$\Rightarrow D^i = D'$$

(2) By (1) & lem.

$r(D^i) \leq i$. For $i \leq r$, lem \Rightarrow

$$0 \rightarrow H^i(r) \rightarrow X_{\text{st}}^r(D^i) \rightarrow X_{\text{dR}}^r(D^i) \rightarrow 0 \text{ exact.} \Rightarrow (3).$$

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§ 3. FM map

- A: étale / $\mathcal{O}_F[x_1^\pm, \dots, x_n^\pm, x_{n+1}, \dots, x_{n+b}] / (x_{n+1} \dots x_{n+b} - w^n)$

$$R = \hat{A} \quad G_R = \text{Gal}(\bar{R}[\frac{1}{p}] / R[\frac{1}{p}])$$

$E_{R,n}^{\text{PD}}$: log-PD env. of \bar{R}_n in $\hat{A}_n^+(\bar{R})_n \otimes R_{n,n}^+$

$$\Omega_{E_{R,n}^{\text{PD}}} := E_{R,n}^{\text{PD}} \otimes_{R_{n,n}^+} \Omega_{R_{n,n}^+}$$

$$\alpha_{r,n}^{\text{FM}} : S_{\text{fin}}(R, n)_n = [F^r \Omega_{R_{n,n}^{\text{PD}}} \xrightarrow{p^r - p^r \varphi} \Omega_{R_{n,n}^{\text{PD}}}]$$

$$\rightarrow C(G_R, [F^r \Omega_{E_{R,n}^{\text{PD}}} \xrightarrow{p^r - p^r \varphi} \Omega_{E_{R,n}^{\text{PD}}}])$$

$$\xleftarrow{\sim} C(G_R, [F^r A_{\text{ur}}(\bar{R})_n \xrightarrow{p^r - \varphi} A_{\text{ur}}(\bar{R})_n])$$

$$\xleftarrow{\sim} C(G_R, \mathbb{Z}/(p^n(r))')$$

$$0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p(n)' \xrightarrow{\sim} F^r A_{\text{ur}}(\bar{R}) \xrightarrow{p^r - \varphi} A_{\text{ur}}(\bar{R}) \rightarrow 0 \text{ exact}$$

$$\frac{1}{p^{\text{acm}}} \mathbb{Z}_p(n), \quad \text{acm} = \lfloor \frac{n}{p-1} \rfloor$$

lem 1f k has enough roots of unity, $\alpha_{r,n}^{\text{FM}}$ is p^c -equal to $\alpha_{r,n}^{\text{Log}}$ for const. C indep. of k .

lem diagram chase: $\text{kos}(\varphi, d) \xrightarrow{t} \text{kos}(\varphi, \text{Lie } T_R) \xleftarrow{\text{Log}} \text{kos}(\varphi, T_R)$

$$\xrightarrow{\sim} C(T_R) \xrightarrow{\text{inf}_n} C(G_R)$$

- $\mathcal{Y}_n(r)$: ét shaf'tn of $(U \xrightarrow{\text{ét}} X) \hookrightarrow R\mathcal{I}_{\text{syn}}(U, r)_n$
- $i: X_R \hookrightarrow X$, $j: X_k \hookrightarrow X$.

$\alpha_{r,n}^{\text{FM}}: \mathcal{Y}_n(r)_X \rightarrow (\mathbb{Z}/p^n(r))^r X_R$.

Cor X : base change of semist. schm / \mathcal{O}_K , for some kick.

Sps k has enough roots of unity. $i \subseteq r$. Then

$\alpha_{r,n}^{\text{FM}}$ is p^c -g-isom. for some C indep. of k .

pt) A: loc. chart of X as before.

A^h : p -adic hensl'n of A.

$$H^i(S_n(A, r)_n) \xrightarrow{\alpha^{\text{FM}}} H^i(G_{A^h}, \mathbb{Z}/p^n(r)^r) \rightarrow H^i(A^h[\frac{1}{p}]_F, \mathbb{Z}/p^n(r)^r)$$

$$H^i(S_n(\hat{A}, r)_n) \xrightarrow[\text{S} \downarrow]{\alpha^{\text{FM}}} H^i(G_{\hat{A}}, \mathbb{Z}/p^n(r)^r) \xrightarrow[\text{S} \downarrow]{\cong} H^i(\hat{A}[\frac{1}{p}]_F, \mathbb{Z}/p^n(r)^r)$$

lem Elkik's align thm. $k(\pi, 1)$ -lem. (Scholze)

• g is g-isom. by rigid GAGA:

$$\text{fet}(A^h) \xrightarrow[\text{S} \downarrow]{} \text{fet}(A^h[\frac{1}{p}]) \quad \text{fet}(A^h[\frac{1}{p}]) \xrightarrow{g \downarrow} \text{fet}(A[\frac{1}{p}])$$

filter D = $D(\mathbb{Z})^{>0}$.

$$\text{fet}(\hat{A}) \xrightarrow{\text{fet}(\hat{A}[\frac{1}{p}])}$$

✓ affine anal. of proper bar change (Galker)

II

$\Rightarrow \underline{\text{Prop 2}}$ For $r \geq i$, $H_{\text{sm}}^i(X_{\mathcal{O}_E}, r) \otimes \varinjlim_{n \in \mathbb{N}} H_{\text{et}}^i(X_E, \mathbb{Q}_p(n))$

Prop 1 ($n=r$) & Prop 2 \Rightarrow Thm.